

Motor Accident Insurance Commission Claims Management Standards

Explanatory Notes

1 February 2021

nory Notes (Standards) apply The Claims Management Standards and Ex to current and future claims made up on the Moor A cident Insurance Act 1994 (Qld) (MAI Act) and the Motor Accident In an ace Regulation 2018 (Qld) (MAI Regulation). The Standards commence from the date of publication and as updated from time to time and do not appropertively to past claims and past claims decisions. They in conjunction with the MAI Act and MAI Regulation.

For enquiries about the Standards: Visit: www.maic.qld.gov.au Phone:

1800 287 753

Email: maic@maic.qld.gov.au

Contents

Background	3
Purpose	3
Authority	3
Guiding principles	4
Role of stakeholders	4
Compliance with the Standards	6
Defined terms	6

Background

Overview of the Queensland CTP scheme

- The Motor Accident Insurance Act 1994 (Qld) (MAI Act) and the Motor Accident Insurance Regulation 2018 (Qld) (MAI Regulation) established a statutory insurance scheme for loss and damage (personal injury) resulting from motor vehicle accidents caused by drivers of Queensland registered motor vehicles. Compulsory Third Party (CTP) insurance is attached to the registration of a motor vehicle and is compulsory for all motor vehicles in Queensland.
- The scheme is fault-based which means if a person is injured in a motor vehicle accident, they may be entitled to compensation from the CTP insurer of the at-fault driver. CTP insurance does not cover injuries to a driver who is entirely at fault, nor does it cover damage to property.
- The objects of the scheme are set out in section 3 of the MAI Act. These objects include encouraging the speedy resolution of personal injury claims and reporting and encouraging the rehabilitation of claimants who sustain personals jury in a motor vehicle accident. All licensed CTP insurers in Queensland are bound to an adustry deed which regulates the conduct of the CTP insurance business under the scieme.

About the Motor Accident Insurance Compussion

- The Motor Accident Insurance Commission (MAIL) is the regulatory body responsible for the ongoing management of the Queensler a CTP su em .
- MAIC's responsibilities are set out in section of the MAI Act and include ensuring a fair and affordable scheme, improving one ne outcomes for injured persons, supervising licensed insurers, monitoring of surer daims management and claims compliance and establishing and revising standard, sout claims management.

Purpose

- The Claims Management Standards and Explanatory Notes (**Standards**) aim to provide a minimum bench park or aspects of licensed insurers' claims management conduct. Its purpose is to improve claimant outcomes by ensuring scheme fairness, transparency and consistency in the canagement of claims.
- Te Street ds do not constitute legal advice, are not intended to be a substitute for legal advice and hould not be relied upon as such.
- 8 The Standards will be reviewed every three years or more frequently as required.

Authority

- 9 The Standards are established under section 10(1)(d) of the MAI Act which provide authority for MAIC to establish and revise standards about the proper management of claims, with which licensed insurers must comply. In addition:
 - (a) section 24(b) of the MAI Regulation prescribes a condition of holding a licence that insurers must comply with such standards; and

- (b) section 10(4) of the MAI Act states that a standard made under section 10(1)(d) applies to the management of a claim from the day the standard is published, whether the claim was made before or after that day.
- The Standards do not override insurer obligations under the MAI Act, MAI Regulation, other legislation or common law. Nor do they override existing legislative obligations relating to timeframes.
- 11 Schedule 4, Part 2, section 3 of the MAI Regulation requires insurers to comply with claims procedures.
- 12 Insurers must:
 - (a) deal as quickly as possible with claims;
 - (b) ensure that their procedures for dealing with claims are efficient and cost-effective; and
 - (c) keep appropriate records necessary to enable MAIC to monitor their compliance with obligations under Part 4 of the MAI Act.
- Schedule 4, Part 2, section 4 of the MAI Regulation provides authority or MAIC to issue rehabilitation standards and guidelines for Queensland CTP... vers MAIC developed the Rehabilitation Standards for CTP Insurers to ensure time y, appropriate and reasonable rehabilitation. They should be read in conjunction with the Standards for matters pertaining to rehabilitation.

Guiding principles

- 14 Under section 3(f) of the MAI Act, CTT insurers are encouraged to act in a way that supports the integrity of, and public con dence in, the CTP scheme.
- Insurers and parties acting of the Mark ct, the duty to cooperate with claimants under Part 4 of the MAI act and the allowing guiding principles:
 - (a) Promoting pest raction aims management
 - (b) Improving and information quality and integrity
 - (c) Efficient a d factreatment of claimants
 - (d) Effective communication with claimants
 - ponding to emerging challenges in the scheme.
- These primaples apply generally and guide all aspects of claims management.

Role of stakeholders

Claimant

- 17 Claimants have a duty to comply with obligations imposed on them by the *Motor Accident Insurance Act 1994* and under common law and must cooperate with insurers including to:
 - (a) comply with legal requirements and obligations;
 - (b) provide honest and accurate information about claims;

- (c) advise if there is a change in circumstances which could affect claims or impact on injury recovery;
- (d) provide information reasonably requested by insurers about the circumstances of the accident, the nature of the injuries and any consequential disabilities and financial loss, medical treatment and rehabilitation services and the claimant's medical history and any other claims for compensation for personal injury made by the claimant;
- (e) provide copies of reports and documentary material about the circumstances of the accident, their medical condition or prospects of rehabilitation; and
- (f) mitigate loss which includes taking all reasonable steps to cooperate with insurers to facilitate timely access to reasonable and necessary treatment and return to normal activities as soon as practicable.

Claims management staff

18 CTP claims staff manage claims from receipt to finalisation within a common law environment. Responsibilities may include, but are not limited to reviewing claims and making decisions relating to indemnity, quantum, liability and rehability.

CTP insurer

- 19 CTP insurers have legislative duties under the MALAct to cooperate with claimants and in particular must:
 - (a) provide the claimant with copies of eports and other documentary material in the insurer's possession about the circumstances of the accident or the claimant's medical condition or prospects of renability on;
 - (b) give the claimant inform don in the insurer's possession or which can be found out from the insured per on, a sat the circumstances of the accident, or the reasons for the accident; and
 - (c) at the claimant's respect, ensure that reasonable and appropriate rehabilitation services are made as illaste, once liability has been admitted on a claim, or the insurer has agreed to fund rehabilitation services without an admission of liability.

Legal repreşentali ve

A claimant and/or it surer may choose to have legal representation to assist with management and claim.

Motor Accident Insurance Commission

21 MAIC is established under the MAI Act and is the regulatory authority responsible for the ongoing management of the CTP insurance scheme in Queensland. MAIC is responsible for the regulation of insurers' activity and compliance and one of the key functions is the licensing and supervision of CTP insurers and monitoring the operation of the scheme.

Rehabilitation advisor or injury management advisor

- 22 CTP insurers may employ permanent or contract health professionals in an advisory capacity to assist in fulfilling the insurer's rehabilitation obligations to claimants. Their role may include:
 - (a) providing a point of contact for the claimant and treatment providers;

- (b) facilitating assessment and access to appropriate services; and
- (c) providing advice on whether requests to fund rehabilitation are reasonable and appropriate.

Compliance with the Standards

- Insurers must comply with the Standards and have effective systems in place for monitoring and measuring compliance with the Standards. This includes appropriate systems for identifying, assessing, managing and remediating breaches of the Standards.
- MAIC will monitor and review insurer compliance with the Standards which may include reviews or audits of insurer claims files and systems from time to time.
- Where an insurer breaches the Standards, MAIC may take action in accordance with MAIC's CTP Insurer Enforcement Approach.

Defined terms

- 26 Defined terms in the Explanatory Notes and Standards base the Nearly a set out below.
 - (a) CTP claim means a claim for loss or damage under assected to be under, or capable of being validly made under a CTP insurance solicy or a claim against the Nominal Defendant.
 - (b) CTP Insurer Enforcement Approach means the enforcement guidance for dealing with insurer compliance because it sued by MAIC and updated from time to time.
 - (c) Claimant means an individual makes a CTP claim or on whose behalf a CTP claim is made.
 - (d) MAI Act means e M for Accident Insurance Act 1994 (Qld).
 - (e) MAI Regulation meas shotor Accident Insurance Regulation 2018 (Qld).
 - (f) MAIC means the Motor Accident Insurance Commission.
 - (g) **NOAC** in ans *lotice of Accident Claim Form (Non-Fatal)* or *Notice of Accident Claim Form (Fatal)* or any other form prescribed by MAIC to facilitate claims man generat.
 - (No inal Defendant is taken to be a licensed insurer and is bound by the Industry Dr. d.
 - (i) Rehabilitation Standards for CTP Insurers means the standards issued by MAIC under the Industry Deed within MAI Regulation, Schedule 4, Part 2, section 4 and updated from time to time.
 - (j) Standards means the Claims Management Standards and Explanatory Notes issued by MAIC under section 10(1)(d) of the MAI Act and as updated from time to time.